UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN BAY CITY DIVISION

LEVELL A. ABRAHAM,

Plaintiff,

CIVIL COMPLAINT

v.

CASE NO. 1:21-cv-10323

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

GLOBAL TRUST MANAGEMENT, LLC,

Defendant.

COMPLAINT

NOW comes LEVELL A. ABRAHAM ("Plaintiff"), by and through the undersigned attorney, complaining as to the conduct of GLOBAL TRUST MANAGEMENT, LLC ("Defendant"), as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Plaintiff brings this action for damages pursuant to the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA") under 15 U.S.C. §1692 *et seq.*, and the Michigan Occupational Code ("MOC") under M.C.L. §339.901 *et seq.*, for Defendant's unlawful conduct.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This action arises under and is brought pursuant to the FDCPA. Subject matter jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 15 U.S.C §1692, 28 U.S.C.

§§1331 and 1337, as the action arises under the laws of the United States. Supplemental jurisdiction exists for the state law claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

3. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391 as Defendant conducts business in the Eastern District of Michigan and a substantial portion the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred within the Eastern District of Michigan.

PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff is a natural person over 18 years-of-age residing in Saginaw County, Michigan, which is located within the Eastern District of Michigan.
 - 5. Plaintiff is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. §153(39).
- 6. Defendant promotes that its founders and management team "have over 40 years of combined experience in the field of debt collection." Defendant is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Florida and its principal place of business located at 4805 W. Laurel Street, Suite 300, Tampa, Florida 33607. Defendant regularly collects upon consumers located in the State of Michigan.
 - 7. Defendant is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. §153(39).
- 8. Defendant acted through its agents, employees, officers, members, directors, heirs, successors, assigns, principals, trustees, sureties, subrogees, representatives and insurers at all times relevant to the instant action.

¹ http://www.gtmcorporation.com/about.html

FACTS SUPPORTING CAUSES OF ACTION

- 9. Several months ago, Plaintiff obtained a line of credit through the Check 'n Go to finance the purchase of personal goods.
- 10. Due to financial hardship, Plaintiff fell behind on his scheduled payments to Check 'n Go, thus incurring debt ("subject debt").
- 11. Around December 2020, Plaintiff began receiving calls to his cellular phone, (989) XXX-2512, from Defendant.
- 12.At all times relevant to the instant action, Plaintiff was the sole subscriber, owner, and operator of the cellular phone ending in -2512. Plaintiff is and always has been financially responsible for the cellular phone and its services.
- 13.Defendant has used several phone numbers when placing collection calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone, including but not limited to: (616) 369-8033, (616) 888-8269, (616) 369-9337, and (616) 369-8126.
- 14. Upon information and belief, the above-referenced phone numbers are regularly utilized by Defendant during its debt collection activity.
- 15. Upon answering calls from Defendant, Plaintiff has experienced a significant pause, lasting several seconds in length, before a live representative begins to speak.
- 16. Upon speaking with Defendant, Plaintiff is informed that it is acting as a debt collector attempting to collect upon the subject debt.

- 17. Plaintiff explained his inability to address the subject debt and demanded that Defendant cease contacting him.
- 18. Despite Defendant lacking permission to call Plaintiff's cellular phone, Defendant still placed not less than 30 phone calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone.
- 19. Defendant also mocked and berated Plaintiff after Plaintiff explained that he could not make a payment.
- 20. Plaintiff was taken aback by Defendant's unprofessional conduct and harassing collection campaign.
- 21. Frustrated over Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff spoke with Sulaiman regarding his rights, resulting in expenses.
 - 22. Plaintiff has been unfairly and unnecessarily harassed by Defendant's actions.
- 23. Plaintiff has suffered concrete harm as a result of Defendant's actions, including but not limited to, invasion of privacy, aggravation that accompanies collection telephone calls intended for an unknown individual, emotional distress, increased risk of personal injury resulting from the distraction caused by the neverending calls, increased usage of his telephone services, loss of cellular phone capacity, diminished cellular phone functionality, decreased battery life on his cellular phone, and diminished space for data storage on his cellular phone.

COUNT I – VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

- 24. Plaintiff repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 23 as though full set forth herein.
 - 25. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(3) of the FDCPA.
- 26. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by §1692a(6) of the FDCPA, because it regularly use the mail and/or the telephone to collect, or attempt to collect, delinquent consumer accounts.
- 27. Defendant is engaged in the business of collecting or attempting to collect, directly or indirectly, defaulted debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due to others.
- 28. The subject debt is a "debt" as defined by FDCPA §1692a(5) as it arises out of a transaction due or asserted to be due to another for personal, family, or household purposes.

a. Violations of FDCPA §1692c(a)(1) and §1692d

29.The FDCPA, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692d, prohibits a debt collector from engaging "in any conduct the natural consequence of which is to harass, oppress, or abuse any person in connection with the collection of a debt." §1692d(2) forbids "[t]the use of obscene language or language the natural consequence of which is to abuse the hearer or reader." §1692d(5) further prohibits, "causing a telephone to ring or engaging any person in telephone conversation repeatedly or continuously with intent to annoy, abuse, or harass any person at the called number."

- 30.Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §1692d and d(2) when it used harassing debt collection methods to collect upon the subject debt. The harassing nature of Defendant's collection campaign is highlighted by its unprofessional conduct of berating and mocking Plaintiff during its collection campaign. Any reasonable fact will conclude that Defendant's actions were harassing and abusive as Defendant ridiculed and needlessly embarrassed Plaintiff when it attempted to collect upon the subject debt.
- 31.Defendant violated §1692c(a)(1), d, and d(5) when it continuously called Plaintiff after being notified to stop. Defendant called Plaintiff at least 30 times after he demanded that it stop. This repeated behavior of systematically calling Plaintiff's phone in spite of this information was harassing and abusive. The frequency and nature of calls shows that Defendant willfully ignored Plaintiff's pleas with the goal of annoying and harassing him.
- 32.Defendant was notified by Plaintiff that its calls were not welcomed. As such, Defendant knew that its conduct was inconvenient and harassing to Plaintiff.

b. Violations of FDCPA § 1692e

- 33. The FDCPA, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, prohibits a debt collector from using "any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt."
 - 34.In addition, this section enumerates specific violations, such as:

"The use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt or to obtain information concerning a consumer." 15 U.S.C. §1692e(10).

35.Defendant violated §1692e and e(10) when it used deceptive means to collect and/or attempt to collect the subject debt. In spite of the fact that Plaintiff demanded that Defendant stop contacting him, Defendant continued to contact him via automated calls. Instead of putting an end to this harassing behavior, Defendant systematically placed calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone in a deceptive attempt to force him to answer its calls and ultimately make a payment. Through its conduct, Defendant misleadingly represented to Plaintiff that it had the legal ability to contact him via an automated system when it no longer had consent to do so.

c. Violations of FDCPA § 1692f

36. The FDCPA, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692f, prohibits a debt collector from using "unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."

37.Defendant violated §1692f when it unfairly and unconscionably attempted to collect on a debt by continuously calling Plaintiff at least 30 times after being notified to stop. Attempting to coerce Plaintiff into payment by placing systematic phone calls without his permission is unfair and unconscionable behavior. These means employed by Defendant only served to worry and confuse Plaintiff.

38.As pled in paragraphs 21 through 23, Plaintiff has been harmed and suffered damages as a result of Defendant's illegal actions.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, LEVELL A. ABRAHAM, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court enter judgment in his favor as follows:

- a. Declaring that the practices complained of herein are unlawful and violate the aforementioned bodies of law;
- b. Awarding Plaintiff statutory damages of \$1,000.00 as provided under 15 U.S.C. §1692k(a)(2)(A);
- c. Awarding Plaintiff actual damages, in an amount to be determined at trial, as provided under 15 U.S.C. §1692k(a)(1);
- d. Awarding Plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney fees as provided under 15 U.S.C. §1692k(a)(3);
- e. Enjoining Defendant from further contacting Plaintiff; and
- f. Awarding any other relief as this Honorable Court deems just and appropriate.

COUNT II – VIOLATIONS OF THE MICHIGAN OCCUPATIONAL CODE

- 39.Plaintiff restates and realleges paragraphs 1 through 35 as though fully set forth herein.
 - 40.Plaintiff is a "consumer" or "debtor" as defined by M.C.L. § 339.901(f).
- 41.Defendant is a "collection agency" as defined by M.C.L. § 339.901(b) as it is a person that is directly engaged in collecting or attempting to collect a claim owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another.
- 42. The subject debt is a "[c]laim" or "debt" as defined by M.C.L. § 339.901(a) as it is an obligation or alleged obligation for the payment of money or thing of value

arising out of an agreement or contract for a purchase made primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

a. Violations of M.C.L. § 339.915(f)(ii)

43. The MOC, pursuant to M.C.L. § 339.915(f)(ii) prohibits a collection agency from "[m]isrepresenting in a communication with a debtor . . . [t]he legal rights of the creditor or debtor."

44.Defendant violated M.C.L. § 339.915(f)(ii) by repeatedly contacting Plaintiff's cellular phone using an automated system absent consent. Through its conduct, Defendant misrepresented that it had the legal ability to contact Plaintiff using an automated system even though Plaintiff had never consented to receiving such calls. Any hypothetical lawful ability of Defendant to place the calls at issue was explicitly extinguished after Plaintiff demanded that it cease calling his cellular phone. As such, Defendant misrepresented its legal rights in placing the phone calls, as well as Plaintiff's legal rights to have such phone calls cease, by attempting to contact Plaintiff's cellular phone absent the lawful ability to do so.

b. Violations of M.C.L. § 339.915(n)

45. The MOC, pursuant to M.C.L. § 339.915(n), prohibits a collection agency from "[u]sing a harassing, oppressive, or abusive method to collect a debt, including causing a telephone to ring or engaging a person in telephone conversation

repeatedly, continuously, or at unusual times or places which are known to be inconvenient to the debtor."

46.Defendant violated the MOC when it repeatedly called Plaintiff after being notified to stop. Defendant called Plaintiff at least 30 times after he demanded that it stop. This repeated behavior of systematically calling Plaintiff's phone in defiance of the information provided by Plaintiff was harassing and abusive. Such contacts were made with the hope that Plaintiff would succumb to the harassing behavior and ultimately make a payment. The nature and volume of phone calls, especially after Plaintiff demanded that the calls stop, would naturally cause an individual to feel oppressed.

47.Further, Plaintiff told Defendant that its calls to his cellular phone were not welcome and were therefore inconvenient. As such, Defendant contacted Plaintiff at times and places which were known to be inconvenient to him.

48.Defendant's violations of the MOC were willful. Defendant was notified by Plaintiff that he did not wish to receive any more phone calls. Yet, Plaintiff was still bombarded with collection phone calls from Defendant. In a willful manner, Defendant called Plaintiff repeatedly notwithstanding his demands. Upon information and belief, Defendant regularly engages in the above described behavior against consumers in Michigan, further demonstrating its willful failure to implement adequate procedures designed to prevent violations of the MOC.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, LEVELL A. ABRAHAM, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court enter judgment in his favor as follows:

- a. Declaring that the practices complained of herein are unlawful and violate the aforementioned statutes and regulations;
- b. Entitling Plaintiff to injunctive relief, pursuant to M.C.L. § 339.916(1);
- c. Awarding Plaintiff actual damages, including treble damages, pursuant to M.C.L. § 339.916(2);
- d. Awarding statutory damages of at least \$50.00, including treble damages, pursuant to M.C.L. § 339.916(2);
- e. Awarding Plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney fees, pursuant to M.C.L. § 339.916(2);
- f. Enjoining Defendant from further contacting Plaintiff; and
- g. Awarding any other relief as this Honorable Court deems just and appropriate.

Dated: February 11, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Ahmad T. Sulaiman

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